



LA DIVERSIFICATION : UNE STRATÉGIE DE RÉDUCTION DU RISQUE? *OU COMMENT NE PAS METTRE TOUS SES LÉGUMES DANS LE MÊME PANIER...*

Raphaël Paut - UR Écodéveloppement

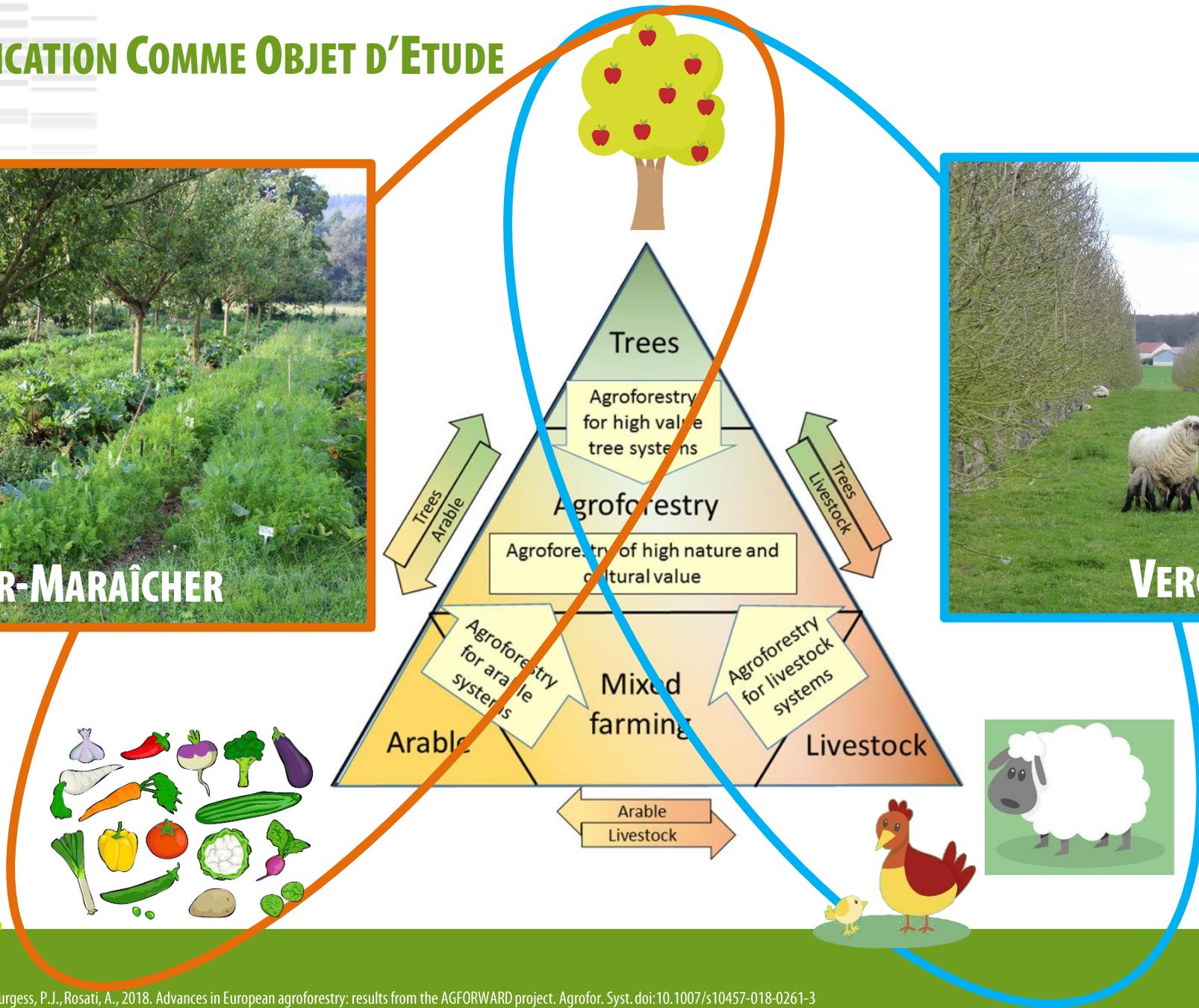
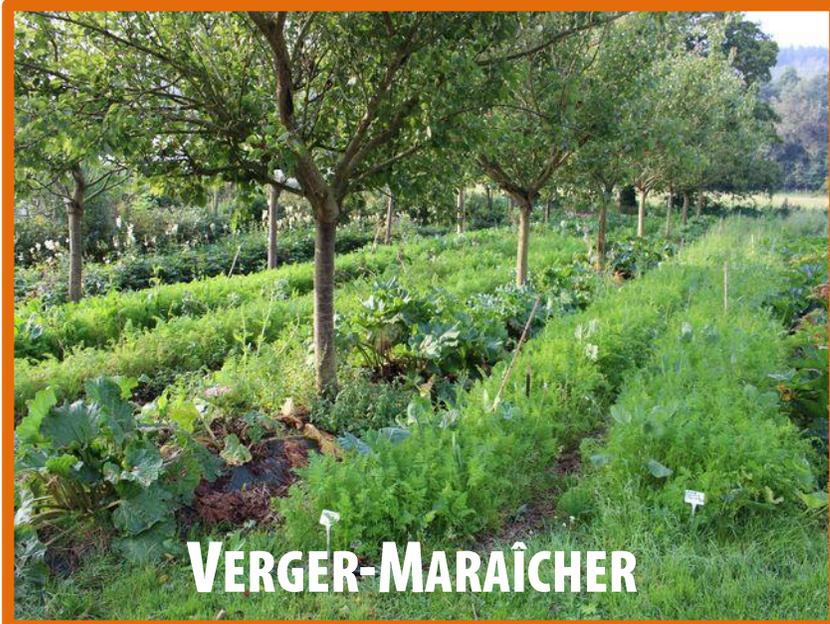


❖ La diversification : comme levier, contexte ou objet d'étude

EcoOrchard



LA DIVERSIFICATION COMME OBJET D'ETUDE





Vergers-maraichers : un « mystère » scientifique ?

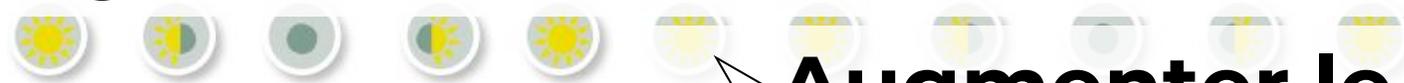
EXEMPLE D'AMÉNAGEMENT D'UN VERGER-MARAICHER

- Diversifier la production (diversification de l'offre, étalement dans le temps)

Couvert végétal

- **Réduire le risque**

- Bénéficier des avantages de l'association végétale



- **Augmenter le rendement**

■ Haricot & Pois

■ Betterave

■ Poireau

■ Pomme de terre & Carotte

■ Salade & Courgette

■ Engrais vert

■ Chou & Mâche & Épinard

■ Radis & Navet

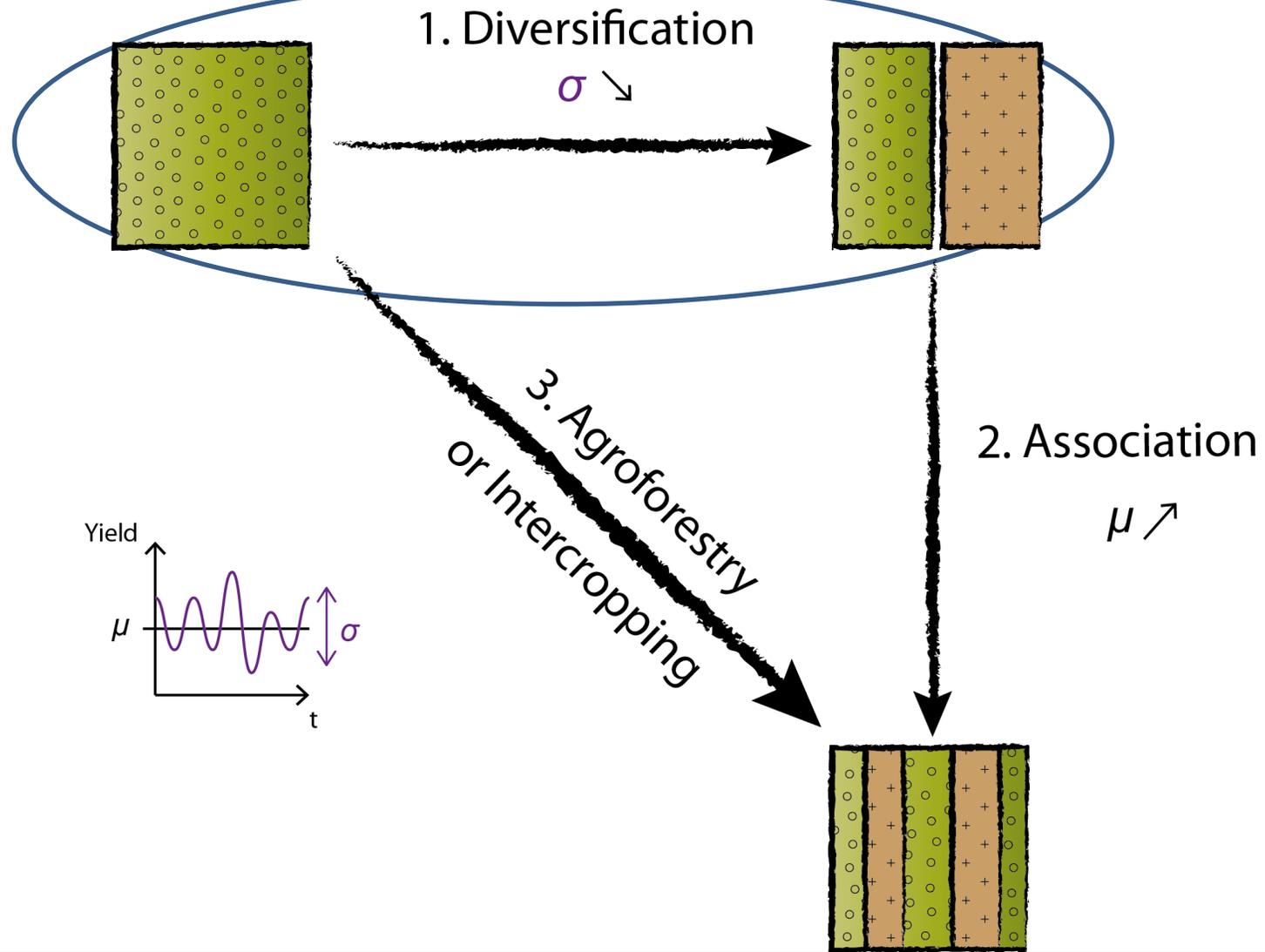
■ Oignon

Framboise

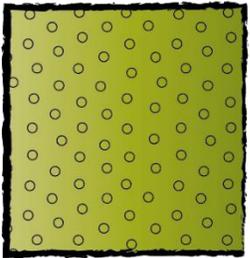
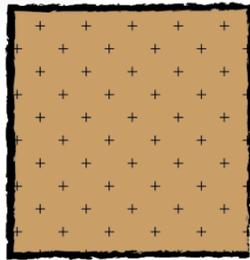
Courge

Aromatique

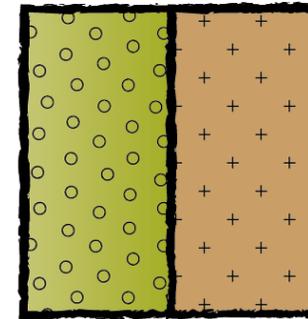
DIVERSIFICATION / ASSOCIATION



THÉORIE DU PORTEFEUILLE (ILLUSTRATION)



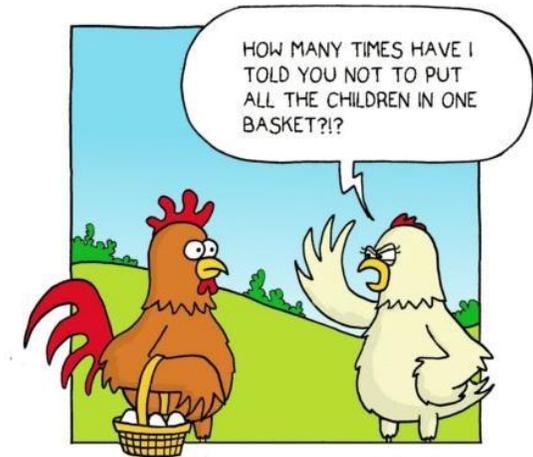
Diversification effect



2-crops Portfolio

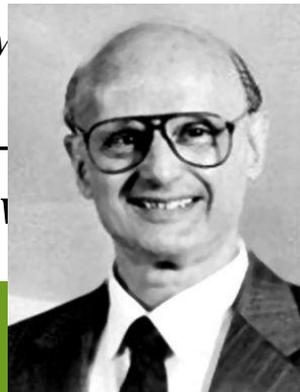


Portfolio Theory

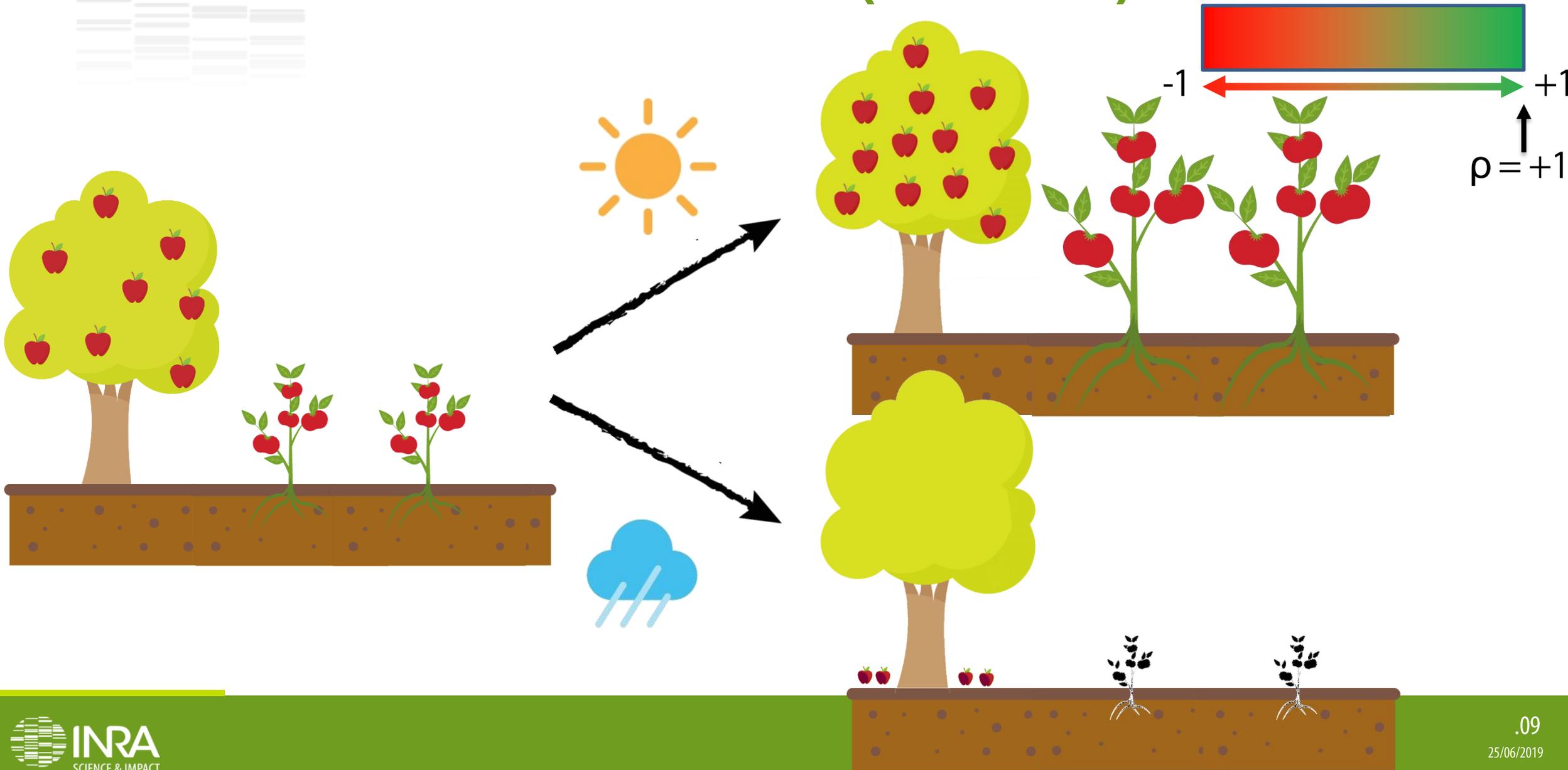


$$E(R_{Portfolio}) = w_1 E(R_1) + w_2 E(R_2) + \dots + w_n E(R_n)$$

$$\sigma_P = \sqrt{w_1^2 \sigma_1^2 + w_2^2 \sigma_2^2 + 2w_1 w_2 \rho_{12} \sigma_1 \sigma_2 + \dots}$$

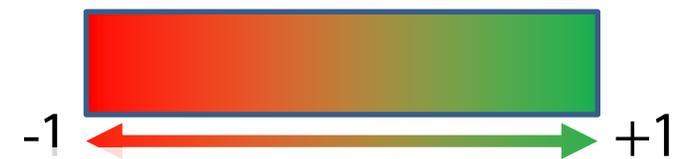


THÉORIE DU PORTEFEUILLE (ILLUSTRATION)

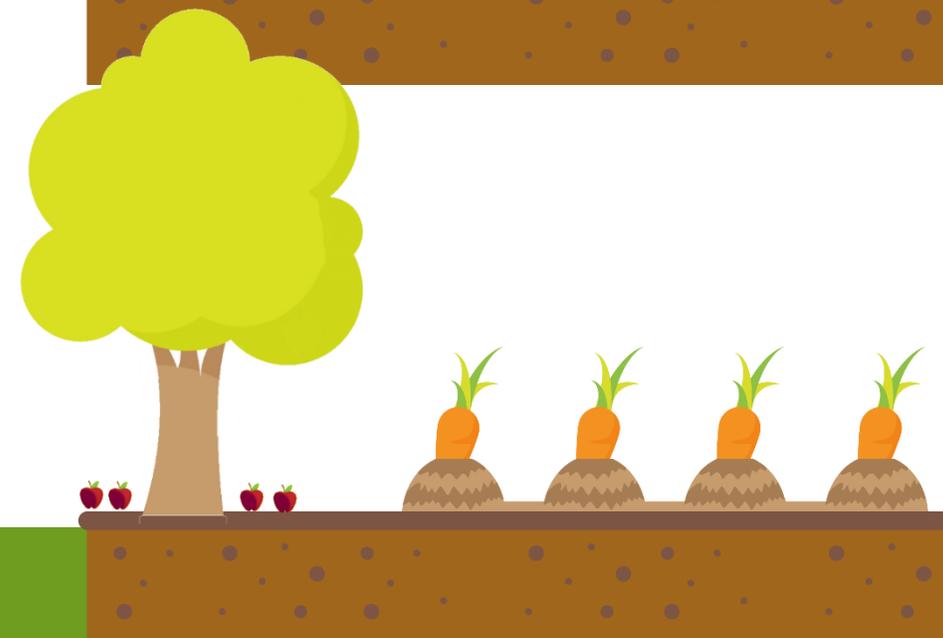
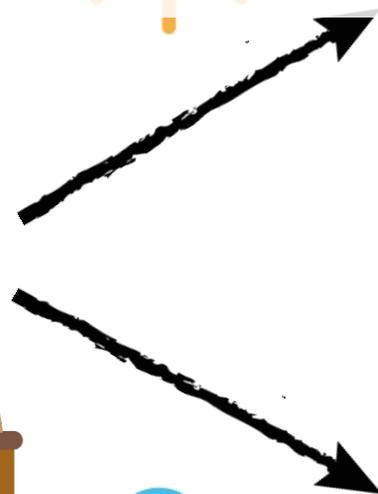
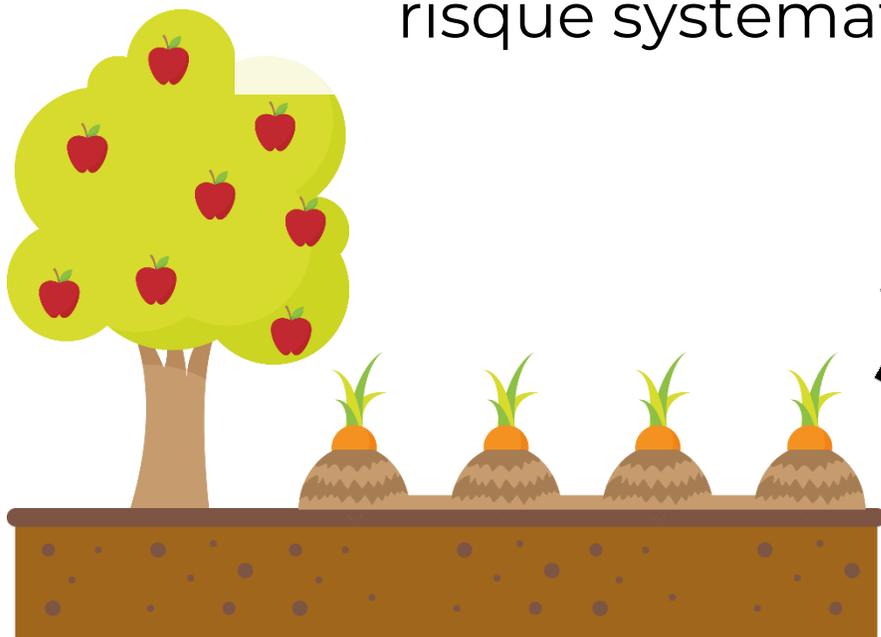


THÉORIE DU PORTEFEUILLE (ILLUSTRATION)

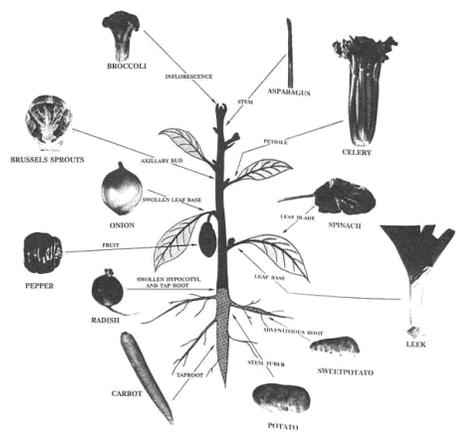
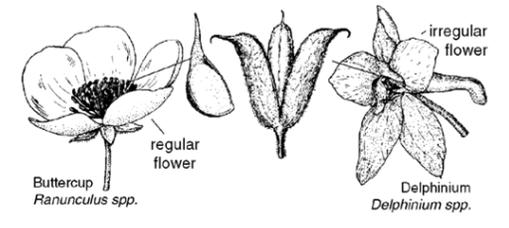
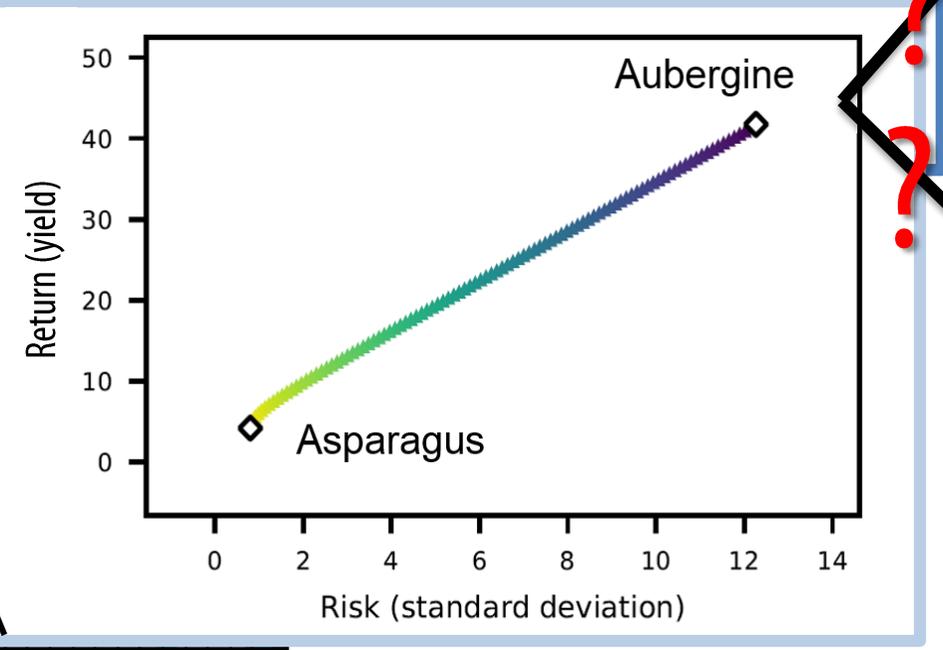
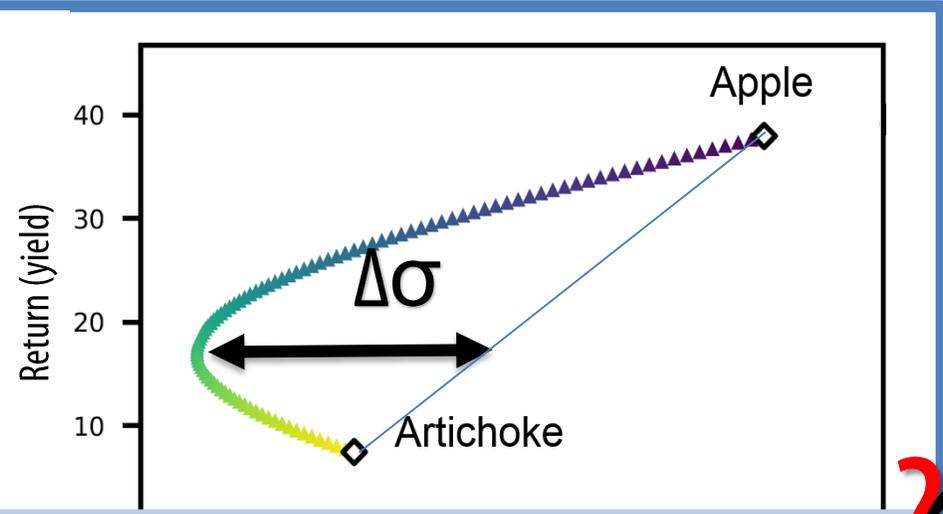
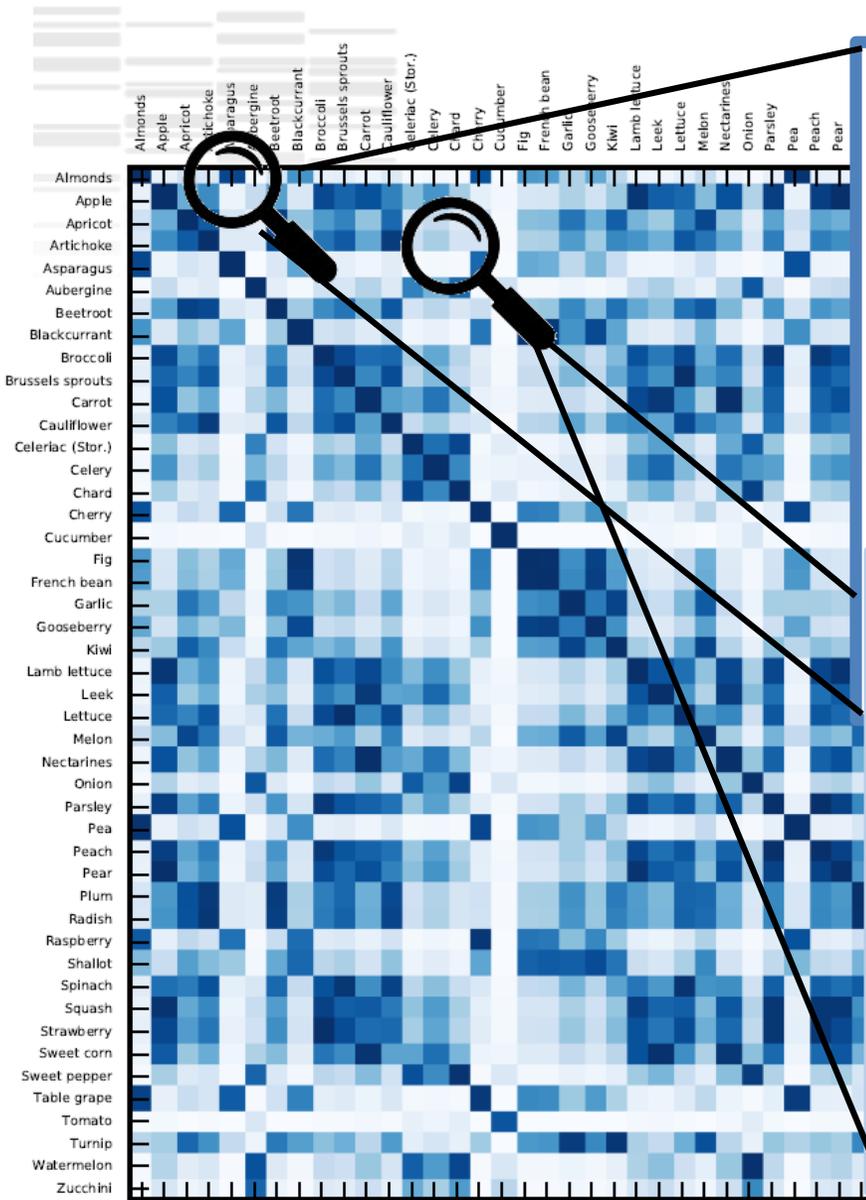
Corrélation



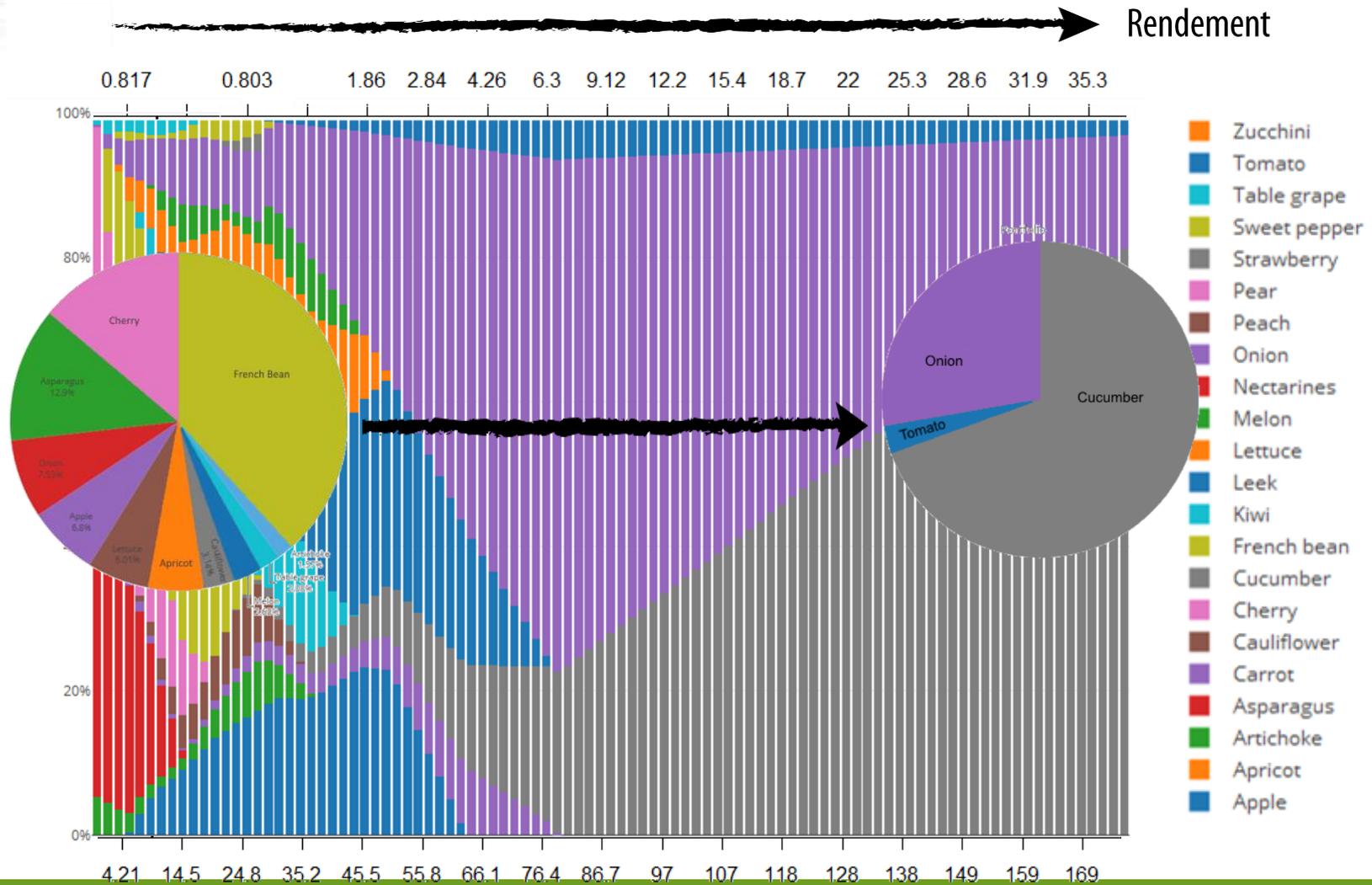
❖ Dans la réalité, il y a toujours un degré de corrélation / un risque systématique



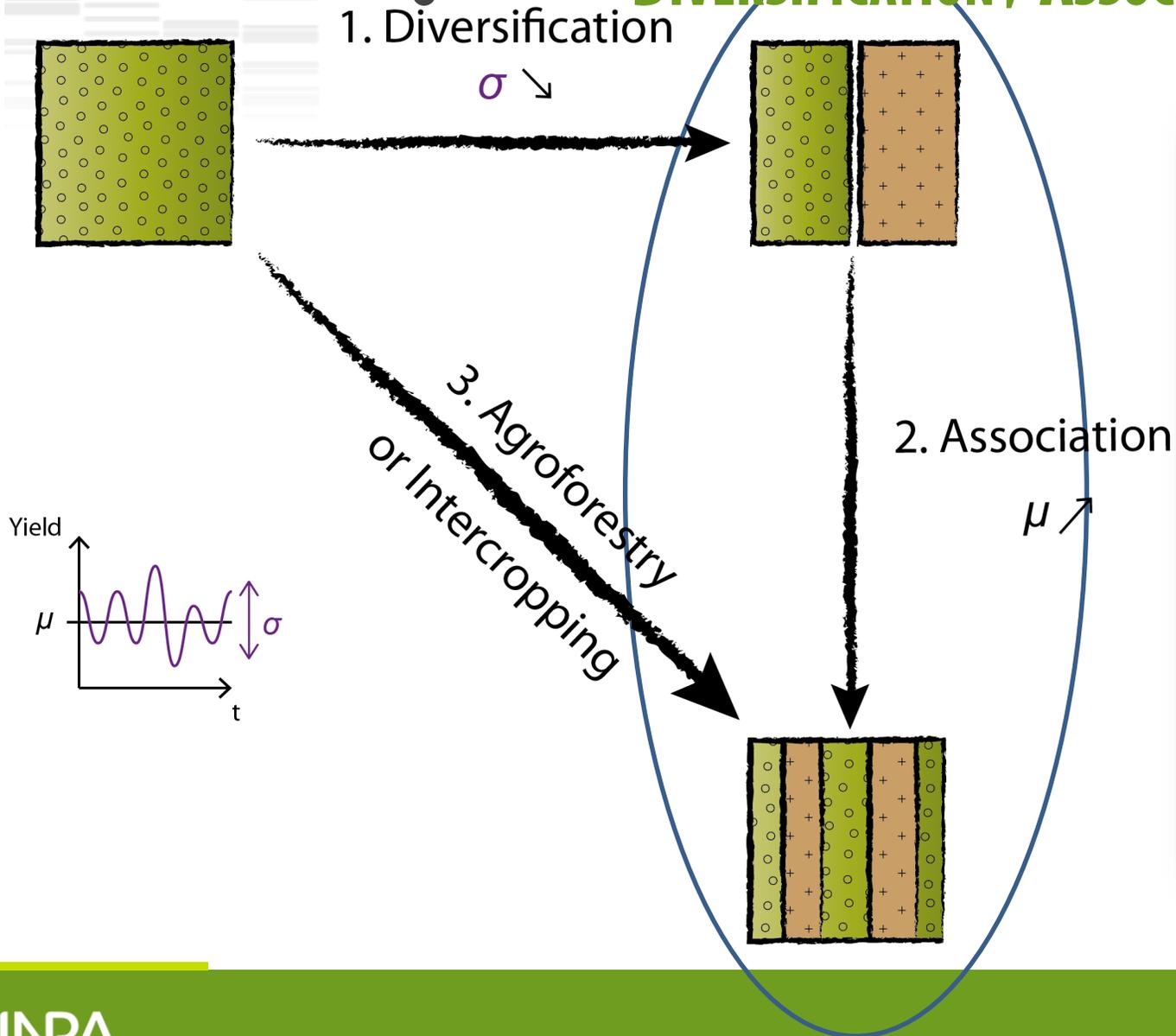
$\rho = -1$



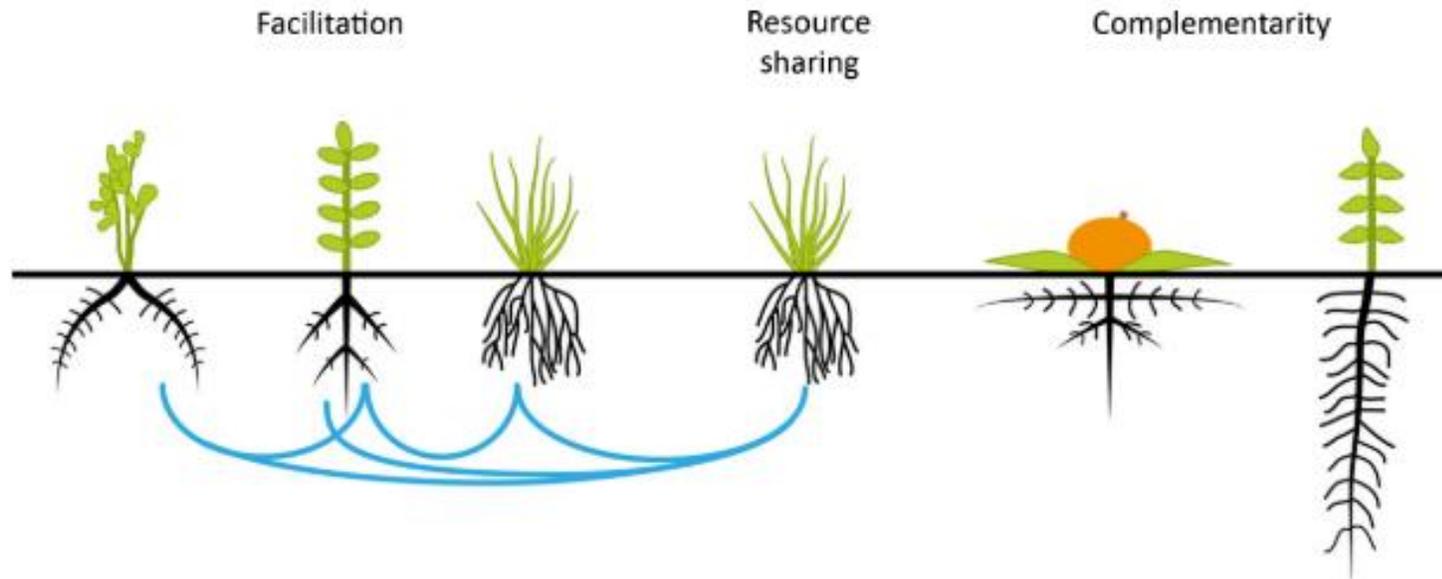
MEILLEURS COMPROMIS



DIVERSIFICATION / ASSOCIATION



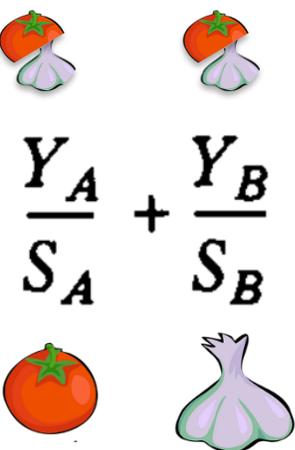
Cultures associées

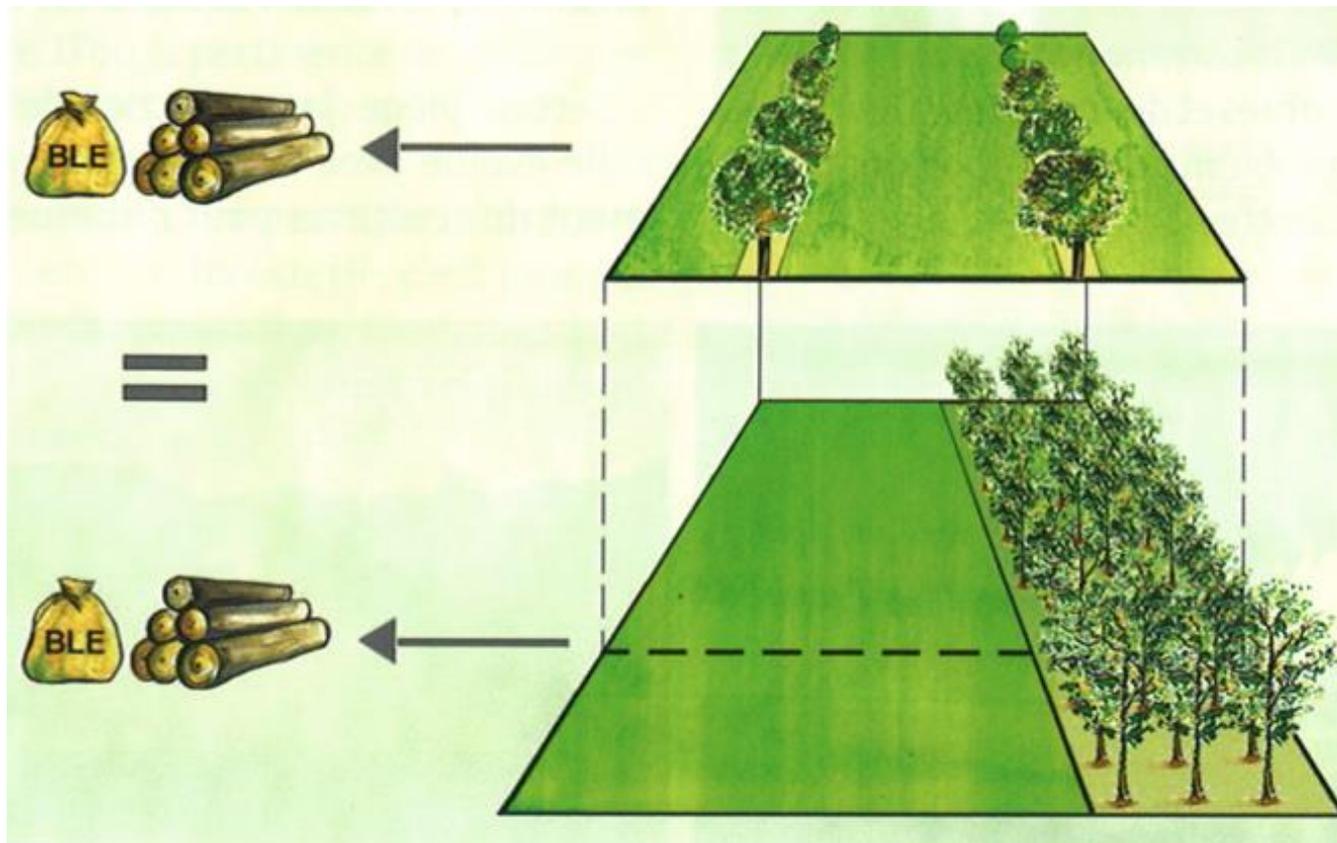


1. **Compétition** pour l'utilisation de même ressources
2. **Complémentarités** de niches
3. **Facilitation:** accéder à des ressources inaccessibles

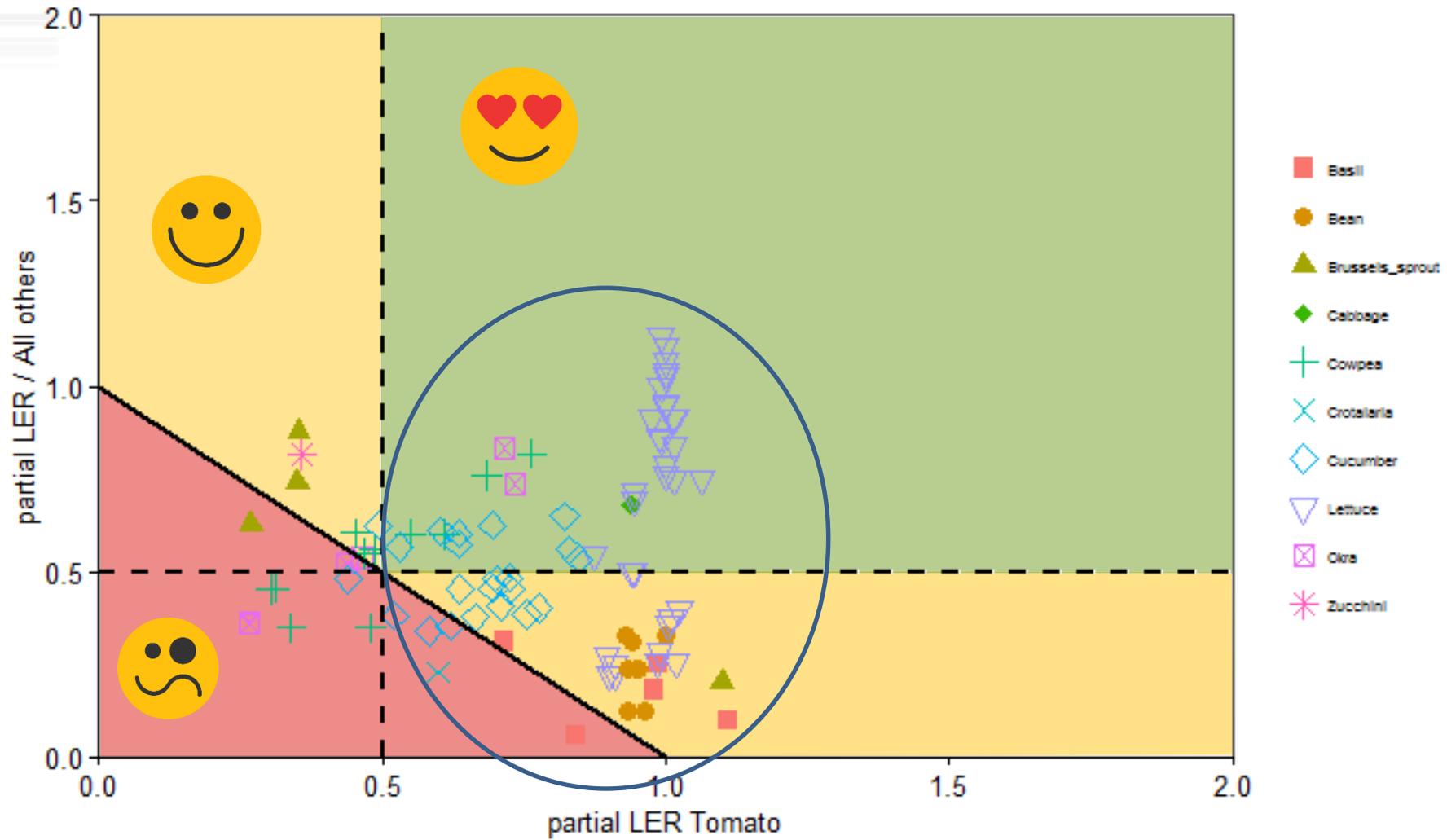
Implications pour la conception et l'expérimentation

❖ L'évaluation

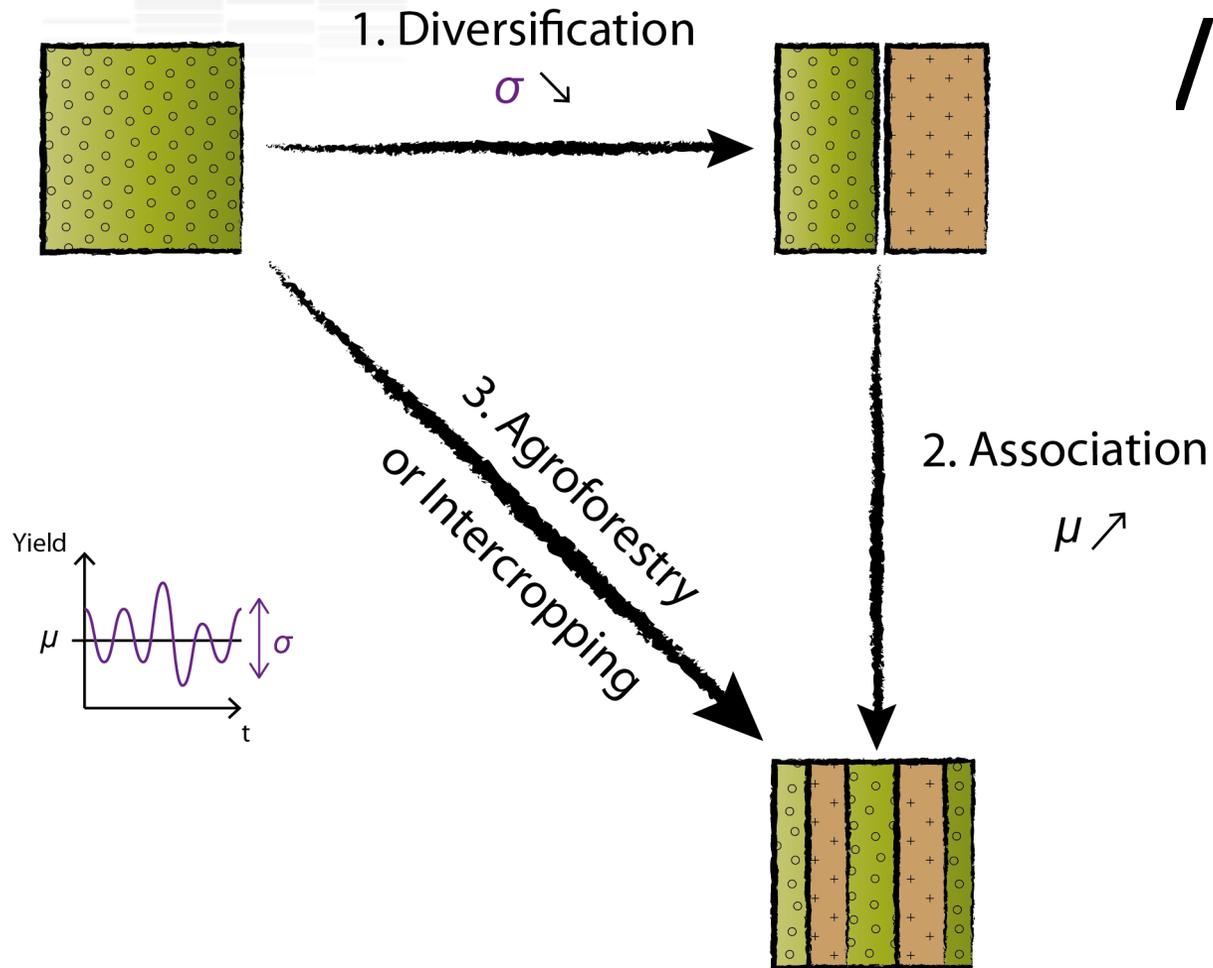
$$\text{LER} = \frac{Y_A}{S_A} + \frac{Y_B}{S_B}$$




Tomato / All others



PERSPECTIVES...



/!\ Diversité Vs. Complexité

Merci

raphael.paut@inra.fr